

1,000 MASTER NUMBERS FOR ARMY DRAFT



The



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Wilson Considers Votes for Women as War Measure EXPECT OFFER TO DISARM FROM KAISER

VOTES FOR WOMEN CANVASS OF BOTH HOUSES WILL GUIDE WILSON IN SUFFRAGE MOVE

Seeking Information, President Hints He Will Urge Amendment as War Measure.

HOPE FOR "MARTYRS."

Pickets, Whose Workhouse Sentences Forced Crisis, Plan Legal Fight.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Displeased, it is said, at the sixty-day workhouse sentences imposed by Judge Muldowney on the White House pickets, President Wilson may add the Susan B. Anthony suffrage amendment to his war emergency programme.

In a talk with J. A. H. Hopkins of New Jersey, whose wife among the prisoners, the President frankly asked for data on the possible passage of the amendment. Mr. Hopkins is said now to be preparing a canvass of the House and Senate. Suffragist leaders say the canvass will show sufficient votes in each branch to pass the amendment.

Though elated at the news from the White House, the sixteen workhouse inmates are not letting it interfere with their plans. They have retained George Gordon Keith, who, with Dudley Field Malone, will enter their appeal to the highest court if necessary. At a conference held at O'Connell between the prisoners, Mr. Malone, Mr. Hopkins, Miss Lucy Burns and Miss Mabel Vernon, it was decided to appeal immediately from Judge Muldowney's decision.

Mrs. Gilson Gardner, one of the sixteen, has no children, but her husband is much concerned about her, fearing she will not be able to stand the prison fare.

"My position in regard to my wife," said Mr. Gardner, "is that I shall not insist on paying her fine. Mrs. Gardner is a free agent, acting on her own judgment. I shall not try to change her."

"I was at the prison to-day, and found her and all the rest of the women suffering from the indignities heaped upon them. The suffragists were put in the same dormitory with negroes last night. They were not allowed to have their toilet articles. They will be given nothing that they cannot carry on their persons. They have to wear old clothes used by prisoners but cleaned and made sanitary. A man would not recognize his wife in them."

SAILOR GIVES BROOKLYN BOMB SCARE, AS JOKE

The explosion of a "bombed" man on the sidewalk at Charles Street, near Raritan, Brooklyn, early today caused great excitement in the neighborhood. A short distance away is the naval branch of the U. S. A. and the explosion was said to have taken place "as a joke." Fifty officers of the navy had taken the offender to the Navy Yard, where it was understood he was released.

LOCKJAW GERMS IN COURT PLASTER GIVEN BY GERMANS

Three Men Arrested in Kansas for Alleged Plot to Spread Disease.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 19.—Three Germans were arrested to-day in Kansas, charged with having distributed court-plaster containing lockjaw and other germs. Each case is in a different part of the State.

The men were taken into custody quietly, and the officials will not disclose their names nor the towns where they were captured. This precaution is necessary, said United States Attorney Robertson in Kansas City, Kan., to-day, for it is feared that if the residents of the towns learned the nature of the alleged crimes and the identity of the prisoners there would be three lynchings.

The liberality of the agents in distributing the court-plaster, often giving it away, first attracted the attention of the authorities, and suspicion was aroused when it was learned the same operations were repeated in different sections of the State.

So far as can be learned no case of a person inoculated by disease was reported. But with the arrest of the three large quantities of the court-plaster came into the hands of the authorities. The samples that had been sold or given away by the agents were obtained. Some of each was given to W. B. Smith, a chemist for the Government.

He made a laboratory test, which did not satisfy him, and he summoned three chemists from this city. A thorough test revealed that while in others two or three, and in many none.

SUBJECTS OF ALLIES ARE LIABLE TO DRAFT

State Department Holds Only Serbians, Japanese and Italians Are Exempt From Service.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Subjects of all the Allied countries, with the exception of Japan, Serbia and Italy, who have signified their intention of becoming Americans, by taking out first papers, are subject to conscription. It will be useless for them to plead foreign birth as an excuse for exemption.

This is the opinion of officials of the State Department whose duty it may become to pass upon the question of the rights of foreign-born citizens in relation to the compulsory act.

PETROGRAD RULED BY MARTIAL LAW TO QUELL RIOTERS

Provisional Government Has Sufficient Strength to Put Down Mutineers.

PETROGRAD, July 19.—For the first time since it took office, the Russian Provisional Government has felt itself strong enough to cope with the forces of anarchy, and to-day martial law rules in Petrograd, with armed troops patrolling the streets under orders to put down disorder with firmness.

The proclamation of martial law followed a conference of the Ministers and the Workmen's and Soldiers' Deputies. Gen. Polovtsov, Governor of the military district, was summoned and ordered to use all the loyal troops to put down the mutinous Maximilians.

The casualties thus far made public show six dead and 238 wounded. For the first time since the revolution Cossacks appeared and patrolled the streets. Companies here and there carried machine guns strapped to their saddles, the men leading their horses.

Premier Lvoff has sent this telegram to all the Provisional Government commissaries: "In reply to your inquiry, the Ministers of the Interior inform you that the reports regarding the arrests of members of the Provisional Government are false. As to the appeals to overthrow the Government by force of arms and transfer all powers to the Soldiers and Workmen, these appeals have the character of irresponsible acts on the part of the members of an extreme minority and were received in an unfriendly manner by the people."

"At the same time the Government, in full agreement with the Soldiers, workmen's and peasants' delegates and the Duma, is taking measures to avert the occurrence of incidents which might be inimical to the State."

The council of the new body of Soldiers, Workmen and Peasants of All Russia, the extremists abstaining from participation, adopted a resolution to-day after an all night session rejecting "with indignation all attempts to influence" the attitude of that body.

"It is inadmissible," continues the resolution, "that armed demonstrations should seek to impose the will of isolated military elements upon the whole of Russia. Blood has been shed in the streets of Petrograd. All these acts toward our revolutionary army, which is defending the conquests of the revolution at the front, are acts of treason and felony."

Whoever attacks the recognized democratic agencies, whoever sows discord in their ranks, is striking a dagger's blow in the back of the revolutionary army which is fighting against the troops of Wilhelm."

The resolution protests against the "deplorable symptoms of decomposition" which imperil the whole national authority and the future constituent assembly, and it demands that an end be made once and for all to all acts which dishonor revolutionary Petrograd.

SOLDIER DIES IN WRECK

Train Turns Over at Sharmouh, Louisiana.

THREE STATES DELAY DRAFT, BUT DRAWING MAY BE MADE IN WASHINGTON TO-MORROW

President Wilson, Secretary Baker, Cabinet Members and Members of Military Affairs Committees to Be Present—Fairness Is Guaranteed.

By Martin Green.

(Special Staff Correspondent of The Evening World.)
WASHINGTON, July 19.—The lottery calling 687,000 young men of the nation to war will take place to-morrow or the day after in the Capitol, and the drawing of the numbers to determine the order in which they shall go to the front promises to be one of the dramatic incidents in the history of our country.

Because of the fact that several States have not furnished full returns from the local boards, it is quite probable that the drawing will not take place until Saturday, but in view of the call for haste no time will be wasted should the returns arrive here earlier.

The War Department has imposed secrecy on the details of the draft, which were explained by Provost Marshal General Crowder to the newspaper correspondents yesterday afternoon. It is no violation of confidence to say that the expectation is that the actual drawing of the numbers will consume not much more than an hour of time, because of an ingeniously devised method of a combination of numbers which will render unnecessary the task of drawing out the nearly 10,000,000 serial numbers of those registered in order. ONLY 1,000 NUMBERS WILL BE DRAWN TO GET THE ARMY.

Basically, the numbers corresponding to the serial numbers on the registration cards will be between 1 and 1,000. So it will be necessary to draw, as far as the determination of the order for examination of the men registered is concerned, only 1,000 numbers. There is another process which will be kept secret until the War Department is ready to give it out.

The details of the process may be published in full to-day because publicity in that respect would be of benefit to the public and the nearly 10,000,000 registrants, and it is hard to see how publicity in advance of the draft would enable anybody to cheat it. However, this is all in the hands of Secretary of War Baker, who was out of town last night and did not return to his office until 5 o'clock this morning.

Present at the drawing will probably be President Wilson, the Secretary of War and other members of the Cabinet, the members of the Committee on Military Affairs of both branches of the Congress, some invited guests and accredited newspaper correspondents. As soon as the numbers drawn have been verified they will be flashed throughout the United States, and it should be possible for every registered man to know within a few hours just what his order is in liability to be called for examination as to his fitness for military service.

LIST FOR EXEMPTIONS OF MEN WILL BE LIBERAL

As The Evening World has pointed out, many more than 857,000 men will be summoned for examination. That exemption list is liberal. It means that a man holding a number 5 may be exempted from the draft for examination on the basis of his physical condition. It is not a physical disability or because of past military service.

VICE ADMIRAL GRANT,
WHO NOW COMMANDS
PART OF BIG FLEET



ATLANTIC FLEET, DOUBLED IN SIZE, IS REORGANIZED

Plans Kept Secret for Military Purposes, But Grant Is Made Vice Admiral.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Reorganization of the Atlantic Fleet has been ordered by Secretary Daniels to meet new problems resulting from expansion of the force to almost twice its normal size for war service.

Details of the steps are withheld for military reasons, but the Secretary has announced that the reorganization plan involved the addition of another Vice Admiral to the fleet and that Rear Admiral Albert W. Grant, now commanding the submarine force, had been named for the place.

Admiral Mayo, the Secretary said, will remain in general command, with the immediate authority under him divided between Vice Admiral Coffman, at present second in command, and Vice Admiral Grant. The former is to have direct command of a division containing most of the super-dreadnoughts and designated as "Force No. 2," while Vice Admiral Grant will command the remainder of the fleet under the designation of "Force No. 1."

It is understood that the reorganization will not affect the division of the fleet now in European waters under Vice Admiral Sims.

This carries into effect a plan worked out by Admiral Benson and Admiral Mayo, which has been under consideration for several months, said Secretary Daniels regarding the reorganization plan. "There are now twice as many battleships in commission as we ever had before. In fact, every battleship we have is now in full commission. The whole purpose of the new organization is to keep our battleship fleet in as perfect condition as possible."

German Factory Blown Up.
AMSTERDAM, July 19.—A great explosion Saturday destroyed the Wilhelm-Werft factory in 1890, near Weidenburg. The explosion was caused by a gas leak. The factory was one of the largest in Germany. The explosion was caused by a gas leak. The factory was one of the largest in Germany.

PARIS HEARS BERLIN PLANS PROPOSALS TO ALLIES FOR COMPULSORY ARBITRATION

Temps Says Kaiser's Bellicose Declarations, Designed to Show Germany Invincible, Will Be Followed by Disarmament Plea to End War.

FAVORS WILSON'S PLAN TO COMPEL WORLD PEACE.

PARIS, July 19.—A despatch to the Temps from Geneva says the German Government, according to reliable information, meditates the proposal to its enemies and to the world of a complete disarmament, except for sufficient forces to maintain compulsory peace by compulsory arbitration.

"The German Government," says the Temps, "while allowing the solution of the internal crisis to appear as a success for the Pan-Germans, has in view a manoeuvre of a quite different aspect."

"The bellicose declarations which resound, and will perhaps continue in Berlin, will be nothing but the prologue, designed to represent Germany as invincible."

"Afterward, perhaps sooner than is expected, will come the theatrical initiative in which Germany will show a disposition to disarm."

U BOAT SINKINGS MENACE ALLIES; SHIPPING BOARD ROW CONTINUES

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Administration circles to-day were awakened to a fuller realization of the submarine peril by the apparently authoritative announcement from London that the removal of Sir Edward Carson from the head of the British Admiralty and the appointment of Sir Eric Geddes is due to a feverish desire to inject American "pep" into the situation.

PASTOR TELLS KAISER GOD PLACED SWORD IN HINDENBURG'S HANDS

Wilhelm and His Generals Hear Sermon on the "Noise of Many Waters."

BERLIN, Monday, July 16 (via London, July 19) (delayed).—The Imperial family, accompanied by Field Marshal von Hindenburg and his wife, Gen. von Ludendorff, First Quartermaster General, and Count von Dorna-Schodden, alderman of the Emperor William, who was commander of the German commerce raider Moewe, attended Sunday service at the cathedral here. The service is said to have been one of the most impressive held in the cathedral during the war.

The text of the sermon was taken from the ninety-third Psalm, fourth verse, "The Lord on high is mightier than the noise of many waters, yea, than the mighty waves of the sea." The officiating Court Chaplain invoked the Divine blessing on Emperor William and Field Marshal von Hindenburg, "the man into whose hands the Lord has laid the German sword" and on the newly appointed Imperial Chancellor, Dr. Michaelis.

VILLA CAPTURES JIMENEZ.

VILLA, Mexico, July 19.—Leaving his own Villa yesterday for possession of Jimenez, an important junction point on the Mexican Central Railroad, 121 miles south of Chihuahua City, Francisco Villa captured Gen. Jimenez. The capture of Jimenez is a great victory for Villa. The capture of Jimenez is a great victory for Villa. The capture of Jimenez is a great victory for Villa.